## Shutters Measuring Guide - Inside Mount

## Z- Frame, Bullnose Z Frame, Trim Frame, Deluxe Trim Frame, L Frame, Mounting Strip, or No Frame

## 1. CHOICE OF FRAME \& LOUVER

- The appropriate frame will be affected by the mount type, depth clearance, existing trim, etc.
- Use samples panels, frames and color samples from the shop at home bag.
- Make sure that the chosen frame and louver size will function properly once installed into the opening.
- Ensure the chosen application will overcome any possible obstructions such as latches, cranks or windows that open into the room.
- Number of frame sides is based on the configuration and type of shutter. Four sided frames are recommended for most standard shutters.
- Frame Extensions are not available for inside mount applications.


## 2. INSIDE MOUNT vs. OUTSIDE MOUNT

- Check for squareness by measuring the diagonal and/or use a sample panel and place at each corner.
- If the diagonal measurements are not identical, a framed application is recommended for inside mounts. An unframed application will result in uneven light gaps.
- If the diagonal measurements are out more than $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$, then an outside mount is recommended.
- If the proper clearance is not available, an outside mount may be necessary for larger louvers and/or Rear Tilt.



## 3. MEASURE INSIDE WIDTH

- Measure the width in three places (top, middle \& bottom) and record the smallest measurement to $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.
- For windows with vertical mullions, match the panel widths to each section of the window with or without T Posts. (See Page D2 for measuring instructions)


## 4. MEASURE INSIDE HEIGHT

- Measure the height in three places (left, middle \& right) and record the smallest measurement to $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.



## 5. DIVIDER RAILS

- Measure from the bottom of the sill to the middle of the divider rail location.
- One divider rail is required for panels over $66^{\prime \prime}$ in height with a maximum $66^{\prime \prime}$ between the middle of the divider rail and either top or bottom rail.
- Two divider rails are required for panels over $96^{\prime \prime}$ in height with a maximum 66" between any two rails.
- Refer to Page D4 for additional divider rail measuring instructions.
- Due to excessive louver overlap that may occur, there should be no less than $18^{\prime \prime}$ between dividers or a divider rail and top/bottom rail.



## Shutters Measuring Guide - Outside Mount

## Casing Frame, S Frame, or L Frame

## 1. CHOICE OF LOUVER \& FRAME

- Use samples panels, frames and color samples from the shop at home bag.
- Make sure that the chosen frame and louver size will function properly once installed into the opening.
- Ensure the chosen application will overcome any possible obstructions such as latches, cranks or windows that open into the room.
- If windows include trim, outside mount shutters may be installed on top of, or next to the trim.
- If windows do not include trim, then the shutters are mounted where the trim would be.
- The minimum width of trim required for Casing Frame is $211 / 10^{\prime \prime}$, S Frame is $2^{\prime \prime}$, L Frame is $13 / 8^{\prime \prime}$. If the trim width is less than the frame width, then the frame should be extended outside of the trim, not inside the opening.
- Number of frame sides is based on the configuration and type of shutter. Four sided frames are recommended for most standard shutters.
- Depth clearance and obstructions can prevent louvers from operating properly. In order to overcome these obstacles, add the necessary frame extensions to the appropriate frame.
- Frame Extensions are available for outside mount applications. Up to (3) $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ extensions can be added to either frame for greater projection. (Up to (4) L Frame Extensions are available with French doors.)


## 2. MEASURE OUTSIDE WIDTH

If on top of trim

- Measure from outside of trim to outside of trim in three places (top, middle \& bottom). Ensure the frame does not extend into the opening. Record the largest measurement to $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.
- If the chosen frame extends past the edge of the trim, then measure the width from outside of trim to outside of trim in three places (top, middle \& bottom). Add it to the measurement that the frame extends past the trim on each side.
If no trim
- Measure the inside width in three places Itop, middle \& bottom). Take the largest measurement to $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ and add 1 $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ per side for $L$ Frame, $2^{\prime \prime}$ per frame side for $S$ Frame, or $211 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ per side for Casing Frame.
if installing around trim
- Measure from outside of trim to outside of trim in three places (top, middle \& bottom). Add $13 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ per frame side for L Frame, 2" per frame side for S Frame, or $211 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ per side for Casing Frame. Record the largest measurement to $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.


## 3. MEASURE OUTSIDE HEIGHT

If on top of trim

- Measure from outside of trim to outside of trim in three places (left, middle \& right). Ensure the frame does not extend into the opening. Record the largest measurement to $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.
- If the chosen frame extends past the edge of the trim, then measure the height from outside of trim to outside of trim in three places (top, middle \& bottom). Add it to the measurement that the frame extends past the trim on each side. If no trim
- Measure the inside width in three places Itop, middle \& bottom). Take the largest measurement to $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ and add $13 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ per frame side for $L$ Frame, $2^{\prime \prime}$ per frame side for S Frame, or $211 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ per side for Casing Frame.
If installing around trim
- Measure from outside of trim to outside of trim in three places (left, middle \& right). Record the largest measurement to $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$, add $13 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ per frame side for L Frame, $2^{\prime \prime}$ per frame side for S Frame, or $211 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ per side for Casing Frame



## 4. DIVIDER RAILS

- Measure from the bottom of the bottom frame to the middle of the divider rail location.
- One divider rail is required for panels over $66^{\prime \prime}$ in height with a maximum $66^{\prime \prime}$ between the middle of the divider rail and either top or bottom rail.
- Two divider rails are required for panels over $96^{\prime \prime}$ in height with a maximum $66^{\prime \prime}$ between any two rails.
- Refer to Page D4 for additional divider rail measuring instructions.
- Due to excessive louver overlap that may occur, there should be no less than $18^{\prime \prime}$ between dividers or a divider rail and top/bottom rail.


